## DOUBIGING \& HAIGVIMG

There are lots of ways to multiply.
One way is called DOUBLING \& HALVING.
Look carefully at the two examples below and see if you can identify the pattern:

| $4 \times 8$ | $16 \times 4$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $=2 \times 16$ | $=8 \times 8$ |
| $=1 \times 32$ | $=16 \times 4$ |
|  | $=32 \times 2$ |
|  | $=64 \times 1$ |
| Answer $=32$ | Answer $=64$ |

Use the pattern to multiply the numbers in the table below:

| $4 \times 15$ | $8 \times 31$ | $16 \times 23$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
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Be adventurous! Try the bigger numbers!

| $32 \times 98$ | $64 \times 234$ | $128 \times 456$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 cm |  | HALVE | $\times 10$ | mm |
| 150 cm |  |  |  |  |
| 106 cm |  |  |  |  |
| 1 mOUBLE |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |

