

Province of the **EASTERN CAPE** EDUCATION

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12

SEPTEMBER 2011

CIVIL TECHNOLOGY

MARKS: 200

TIME: 3 hours



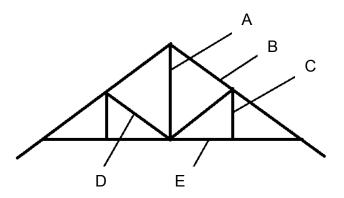
This question paper consists of 11 pages.

QUESTION 1 CONSTRUCTION PROCESS

1.1 What determines the spacing between roof trusses?

(1)

1.2 The figure below show a South African (Howe-) roof truss. Write down the letters A – E and next to the letter the correct name of each member of the roof truss.



(5)

- 1.3Name TWO methods that can be used to join the above mentioned roof
truss parts.(2)1.4Give TWO reasons why roof trusses must be braced.(2)1.5What is the standard size of a wall plate that roof trusses rest on?(2)1.6The main purpose of the factories act is to protect the worker. Name
THREE responsibilities that the employer must abide by.(3)
- 1.7 Materials that are used in the construction of a roof are listed below:

Purlin	
Truss	
Ceiling board	
Corrugated iron	
Brandering	
Cornice	

Write down the numbers 1.7.1 - 1.7.6 and arrange the listed materials in the correct order as it will be seen in a finished roof construction, starting from the outside and ending on the inside.

- 1.8 Protective clothing must be worn by workers to protect themselves. Name FOUR types of personal protective clothing that workers could wear. (4)
- 1.9 Which type of fire extinguisher must be used to extinguish electrical fires? (1)
- 1.10 Name FOUR safety rules when working with hand tools.

2

(4)

(6)

2.2

2.3

2.4

2.5

2.6

QUESTION 2 ADVANCED CONSTRUCTION PROCESSES

2.1	Indicate whether the following statements are TRUE or FALSE. Choose the correct answer and write only true or false next to the question number.		
	0.4.4 A newely service densely is one that will be relationed		

	2.1.1	A rough gauged arch is o	ne that will be plastered.	(1)
	2.1.2	In a rectangular house wi the load of the roof.	th a hip roof all the inner walls will bear	(1)
	2.1.3	Electrical fires must be ex	tinguished with water.	(1)
	2.1.4	Creosote is used as prese	ervative for kitchen cabinets.	(1)
	2.1.5		part of a foundation and helps to e building into deeper firmer ground.	(1)
	2.1.6	A portable router machine	e is used to plane wood level.	(1)
	2.1.7	The standard size of a cla	ay brick is 250 mm x 100 mm x 60 mm.	(1)
	2.1.8	A haunch double mortise the bottom rail and stile o	and tendon joint can be used to join f a door.	(1)
	2.1.9	Reinforcement bars for co the formwork to ensure m	oncrete beams must touch the sides of aximum strength.	(1)
	2.1.10	The floor of a house must level.	be at the same level as the ground	(1)
	Name F	OUR requirements for form	work.	(4)
Rib and block floors are used in double storey buildings. Name FOUR advantages of rib and block floors.				(4)
Name THREE methods to fix mirrors to a wall.			(3)	
	Shoring is used to support walls and unstable ground. Name THREE types of shoring which are used to support walls. (3)			
	Draw a horizontal section through a square concrete column to a scale of 1:10 with the formwork in position. ANSWER ON ANSWERSHEET 2.6			
	Use the following specifications:			
	• Sa	uare column	450 mm x 450 mm	

•	Square column	450 mm x 450 mm	
•	Plywood	22 mm thickness	
•	Bolt	16 mm	
•	Yoke	50 mm x 75 mm	
•	Clamp	50 mm x 75 mm	(16)
			[40]

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QUESTION 3 CIVIL SERVICES

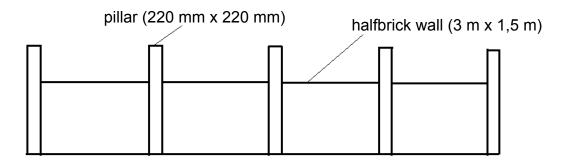
3.1	Electrical geysers are used in households to heat water. Explain shortly how a low pressure electrical geyser works.	(4)
3.2	Name FOUR factors that determine the maximum water temperature in a solar heating system.	(4)
3.3	Different kinds of taps are used for water supply. Explain the difference between a stop tap and a bib tap.	(2)
3.4	Clay drain pipes are used for drainage. Name FOUR more types of drain pipes that can be used.	(4)
3.5	A French drain is often used on farms. Explain how a French drain is built.	(4)
3.6	Name TWO advantages of a manhole in a drainage system.	(2)
3.7	An electrical three pin plug is wired with three different colours of wires. Name the THREE colours and explain each one.	(6)
3.8	Name TWO advantages of wind energy as an energy source.	(2)
3.9	Explain the function of a water trap at a water closet.	(1)
3.10	Name ONE type of trap that can be used at a basin.	(1) [30]

QUESTION 4 MATERIALS

4.1		ling contractor you are asked to do a driveway in front of a garage. weway must be 3 metres wide, 8 metres in length and 100 mm	
		te the volume of concrete needed to do the driveway. All ions must be shown.	(5)
4.2		e is very strong and has a high compressive strength. Name FIVE Ivantages of concrete.	(5)
4.3	.3 Complete the following questions by choosing the correct answer out of the possible answers that are given. Write down only the correct word.		
	4.3.1	For hot water supply (plastic pipes, copper pipes) must be used.	(1)
	4.3.2	The (slump test, cube test) is used on wet concrete to determine if too much water is added to the mixture.	(1)
	4.3.3	Aluminium is rust resistant and a (good, bad) conductor of electricity.	(1)

- 4.3.4 (Pressboard, Pine wood) are used to manufacture roof trusses. (1)
- 4.3.5 Woodwork joints are glued with (PVA-glue, contact glue). (1)
- 4.3.6 At cavity walls (gang nailed plates, brick ties) are used to strengthen the walls.
- 4.4 Name TWO methods to fix glass to a wooden window frame. (2)
- 4.5 You must build a boundary wall (FIGURE 4.5) between you and your neighbour. The walls consist of FIVE square brick pillars of 220 mm x 220 mm and are TWO metres high. FOUR half brick walls of 1 500 mm x 3 000 mm long are built in between the pillars. Calculate how many bricks you would need to build the wall and pillars. Use FIFTY bricks per square metre for a half brick wall.
 (12)





Copy the table below on your question paper and do all calculations on your table.

COLUMN A	COLUMN B	COLUMN C	COLUMN D

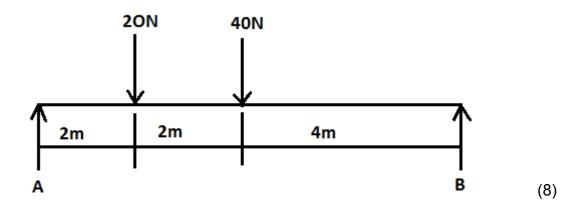
[30]

5

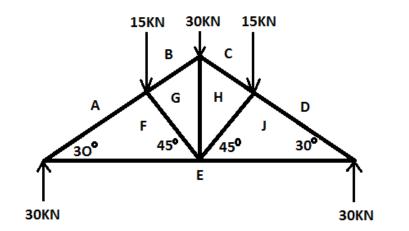
(1)

QUESTION 5 APPLIED MECHANICS

5.1 FIGURE 5.1 show a beam with pointed loads. Calculate the reaction forces at supports A and B.



5.2 FIGURE 5.2 shows the design of a roof truss which must be constructed on a building.



5.2.1 Determine graphically the sizes of the forces of each member of the roof truss. Use a scale 2 mm = 1 KN. Answer on ANSWER SHEET 5.2 (9)

5.2.2	Write the sizes of the forces on the table on		
	ANSWER SHEET 5.2	(9)	

5.3 Determine the stress in a 25 mm square bar that is subjected to a force of 10 KN.

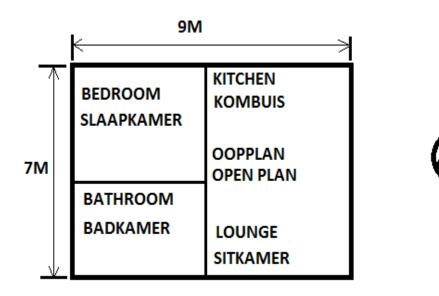
QUESTION 6 GRAPHICS AND COMMUNICATION

ANSWER THIS QUESTION ON THE ATTACHED ANSWER SHEETS.

Your school wants to build a one bedroom flat for the caretaker. As a draughtsman you are tasked to prepare the drawings for the flat:

NOTES:

- The size of the flat must be 7 m x 9 m
- The flat must have THREE rooms
 - Bedroom
 - Bathroom
 - Open-plan kitchen & lounge
- Access from one room to the other is through inter-leading doors built into a halfbrick wall
- The front door is on the southern side of the house and the back door is on the northern side of the house which is built into a cavity wall
- The roof is hip roof construction
- The concrete floor is 100 mm thick



SPECIFICATIONS:

- Bathroom must have a shower, basin and water closet
- Inside measurements for bedroom is 4 600 mm x 3 600 mm
- Show TWO bathroom windows of 900 mm x 900 mm
- Show ONE bedroom window of 2 400 mm x 1 200 mm on the southern side
- Show ONE lounge window on eastern side
- All doors are 800 mm x 2 000 mm
- Show ONE built in cabinet in bedroom
- Show sink and stove in kitchen
- 6.1 Use a scale of 1:50 to design and draw the floor plan of the flat. Draw on ANSWER SHEET 6.1.

(25)

6.2 Use a scale of 1:20 to draw a vertical section through the bottom part of one outside wall. Show foundation, floor and only a part off cavity wall above the floor. Label all parts. Draw on ANSWER SHEET 6.2

(15) **[40]**

[40]

7

TOTAL: 200

Ν

ANSWER SHEET 2.6 NAME OF CANDIDATE:

ANSWER SHEET 5.2 NAME OF CANDIDATE: _____

FORCE DIAGRAM

PART/FORCE SIZE

AF =	
BG =	
HC =	
JD =	
JF =	
FE =	
FG =	
GJ =	
HJ =	(9)
115 -	(9)

ANSWER SHEET 6.1 NAME OF CANDIDATE:

ANSWER SHEET 6.2 NAME OF CANDIDATE: